

# Ga-Pu (Gallium-Plutonium)

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The Ga-Pu phase diagram in [Massalski2] was redrawn from [1988Pet]. This diagram was similar to that shown in Fig. 1, but the ( $\delta$ Pu) phase was shown to be stable down to at least 0 °C. However, [1991Adl] suggested that ( $\delta$ Pu) decomposes into  $\alpha$ GaPu<sub>3</sub> and ( $\alpha$ Pu) by a eutectoid reaction at around 81 °C, based on thermodynamic modeling. [2007Tur] proposed the complete Ga-Pu phase diagram, as shown in Fig. 1, by thermodynamic calculations. This phase diagram is in agreement with [1991Adl]. [2007Mas] reviewed the above reports and discussed the nature of the ( $\delta$ Pu) phase at low temperatures.

Table 1 shows Ga-Pu crystal structure data from [1988Pet] with modifications to agree with Fig. 1.

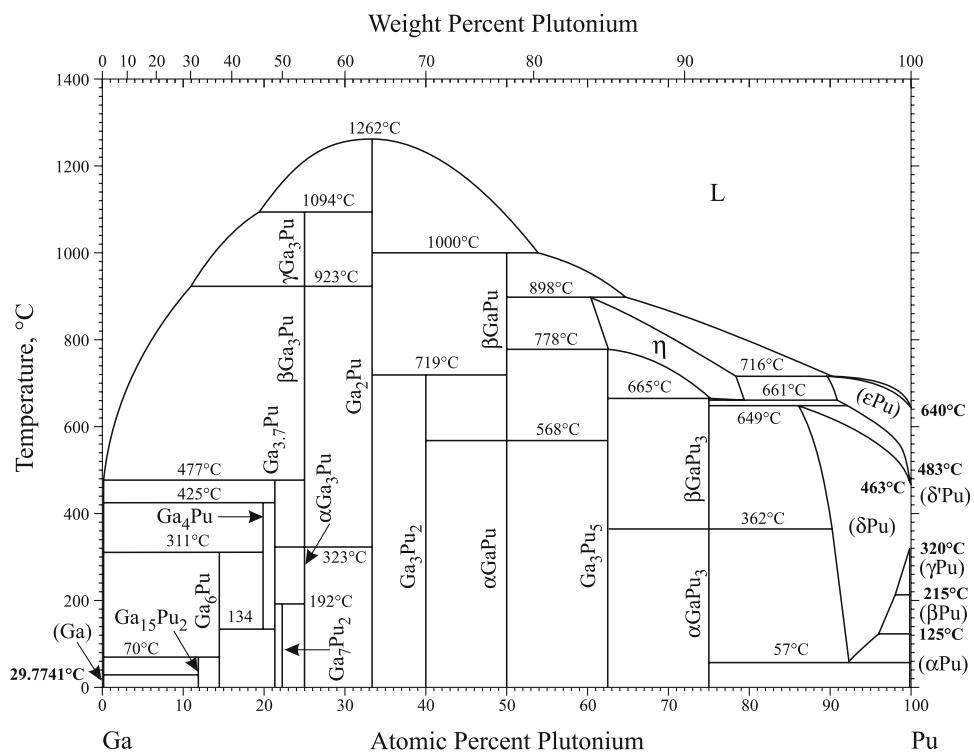
## References

- 1988Pet:** D.E. Peterson and M.E. Kassner, The Ga-Pu (Gallium-Plutonium) System, *Bull. Alloy Phase Diagram*, 1988, **9**(3), p 261-267
- 1991Adl:** P.H. Adler, Thermodynamic Equilibrium in the Low-Solute Regions of Pu-Group IIIA Metal Binary Systems, *Metall. Trans. A*, 1991, **22A**(10), p 2237-2246
- 2007Mas:** T.B. Massalski and A.J. Schwartz, Connections Between the Pu-Ga Phase Diagram in the Pu-Rich Region and the Low Temperature Phase Transformations, *J. Alloy Compd.*, 2007, **444-445**, p 98-103
- 2007Tur:** P.E.A. Turchi, L. Kaufman, S. Zhou, and Z.K. Liu, Thermostatics and Kinetics of Transformations in Pu-Based Alloys, *J. Alloy Compd.*, 2007, **444-445**, p 28-35

**Table 1** Ga-Pu crystal structure data

Phase	Composition, at.% Pu	Pearson symbol	Space group	Strukturbericht designation	Prototype
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>	<i>A11</i>	Ga
Ga <sub>15</sub> Pu <sub>2</sub>	11.8	<i>t**</i>	...	...	...
Ga <sub>6</sub> Pu	14.3	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>	...	...
Ga <sub>4</sub> Pu	20	<i>oI20</i>	<i>Imma</i>	<i>D1<sub>b</sub></i>	Al <sub>4</sub> U
Ga <sub>3.7</sub> Pu	21.3	...	...	...	...
Ga <sub>7</sub> Pu <sub>2</sub>	22.2	<i>t**</i>	...	...	...
$\gamma$ Ga <sub>3</sub> Pu	25	...	...	...	...
$\beta$ Ga <sub>3</sub> Pu	25	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6<sub>3</sub>/mmc</i>	<i>D0<sub>19</sub></i>	Ni <sub>3</sub> Sn
$\alpha$ Ga <sub>3</sub> Pu	25	<i>hR16</i>	<i>R\bar{3}m</i>	...	...
Ga <sub>2</sub> Pu	33.3	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>	<i>C32</i>	AlB <sub>2</sub>
Ga <sub>3</sub> Pu <sub>2</sub>	40	<i>hP*</i>	...	...	...
$\beta$ GaPu	50	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>	<i>A2</i>	W
$\alpha$ GaPu	50	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>	<i>A6</i>	In
$\eta$	60-79	<i>cI16</i>	<i>I2<sub>1</sub>3</i>	...	...
Ga <sub>3</sub> Pu <sub>5</sub>	62.5	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>	<i>D8<sub>m</sub></i>	W <sub>5</sub> Si <sub>3</sub>
$\beta$ GaPu <sub>3</sub>	75	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm\bar{3}m</i>	<i>L1<sub>2</sub></i>	AuCu <sub>3</sub>
$\alpha$ GaPu <sub>3</sub>	75	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>	<i>L6<sub>0</sub></i>	Pb <sub>3</sub> Sr
( $\epsilon$ Pu)	89.5-100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>	<i>A2</i>	W
( $\delta'$ Pu)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>	<i>A6</i>	In
( $\delta$ Pu)	86-100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>	<i>A1</i>	Cu
( $\gamma$ Pu)	100	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>	...	$\gamma$ Pu
( $\beta$ Pu)	100	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>	...	$\beta$ Pu
( $\alpha$ Pu)	100	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2<sub>1</sub>/m</i>	...	$\alpha$ Pu

### Section III: Supplemental Literature Review



**Fig. 1** Ga-Pu phase diagram